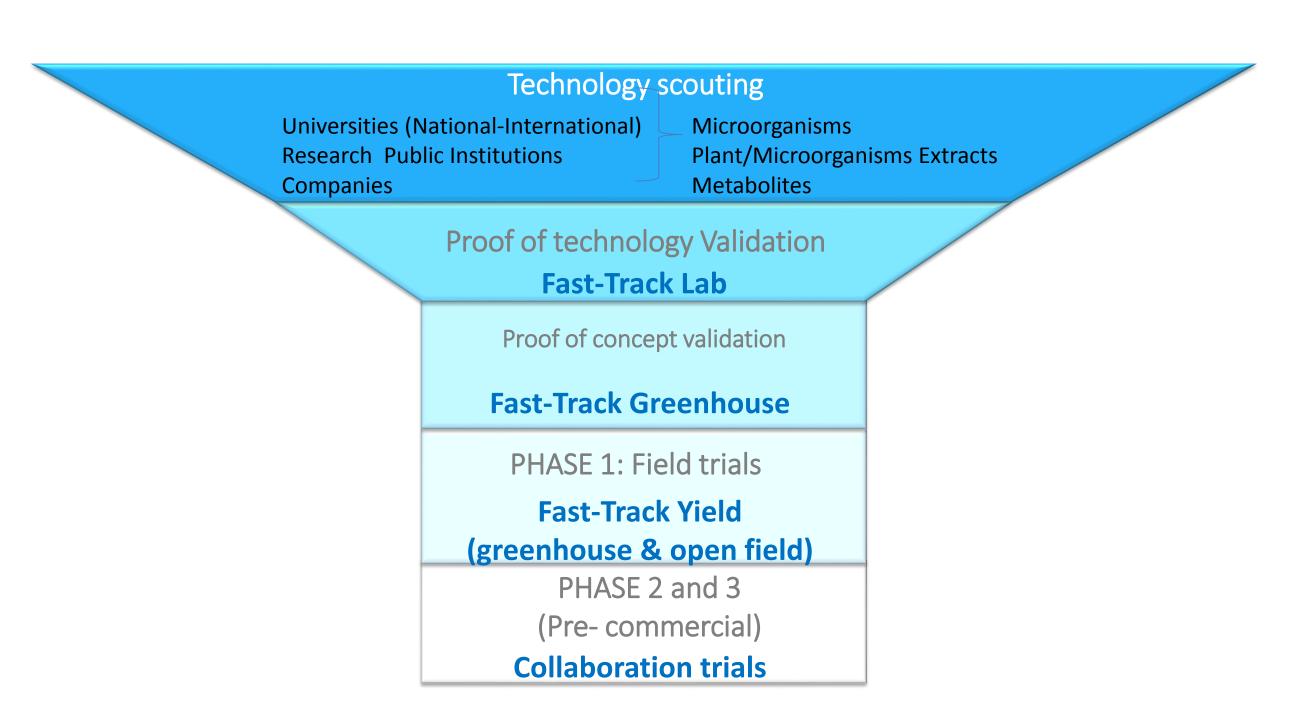




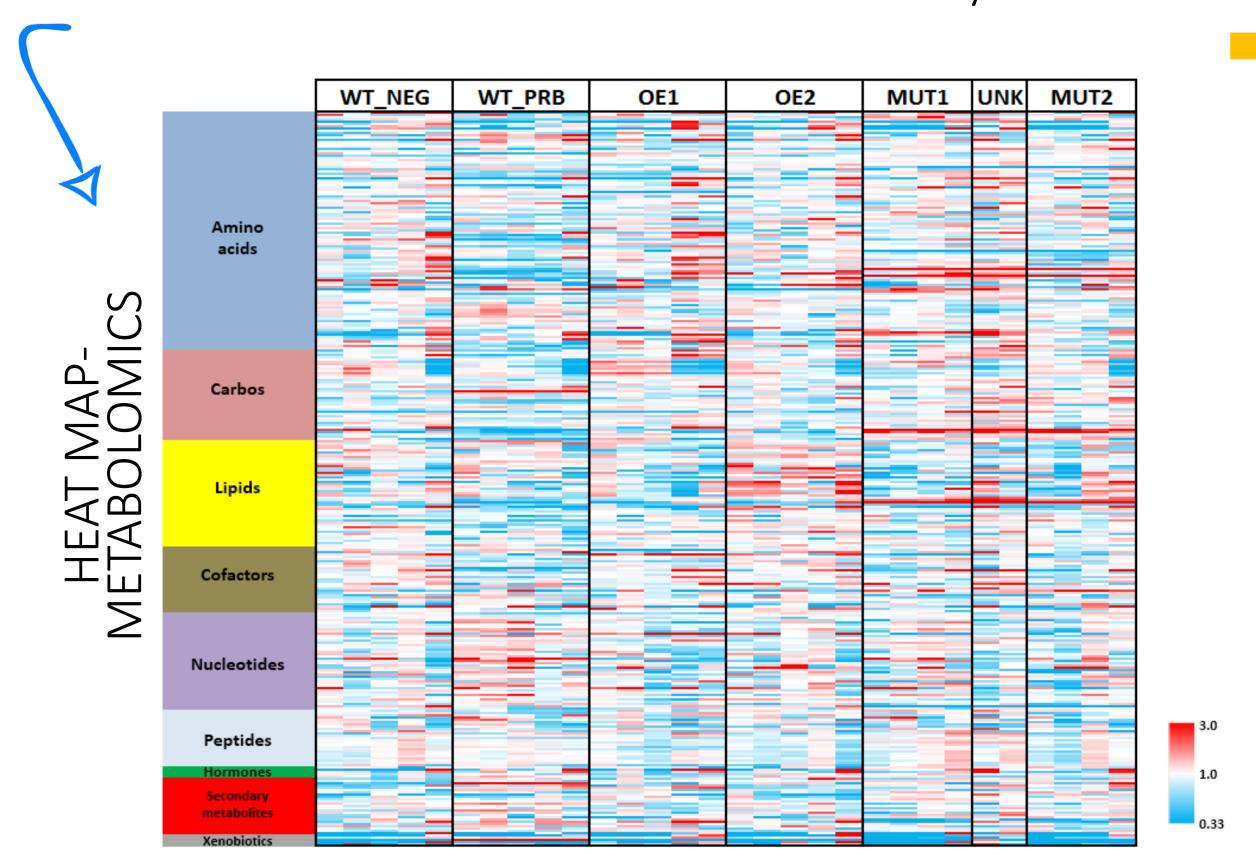
A plant metabolite inducing salt tolerance in crops

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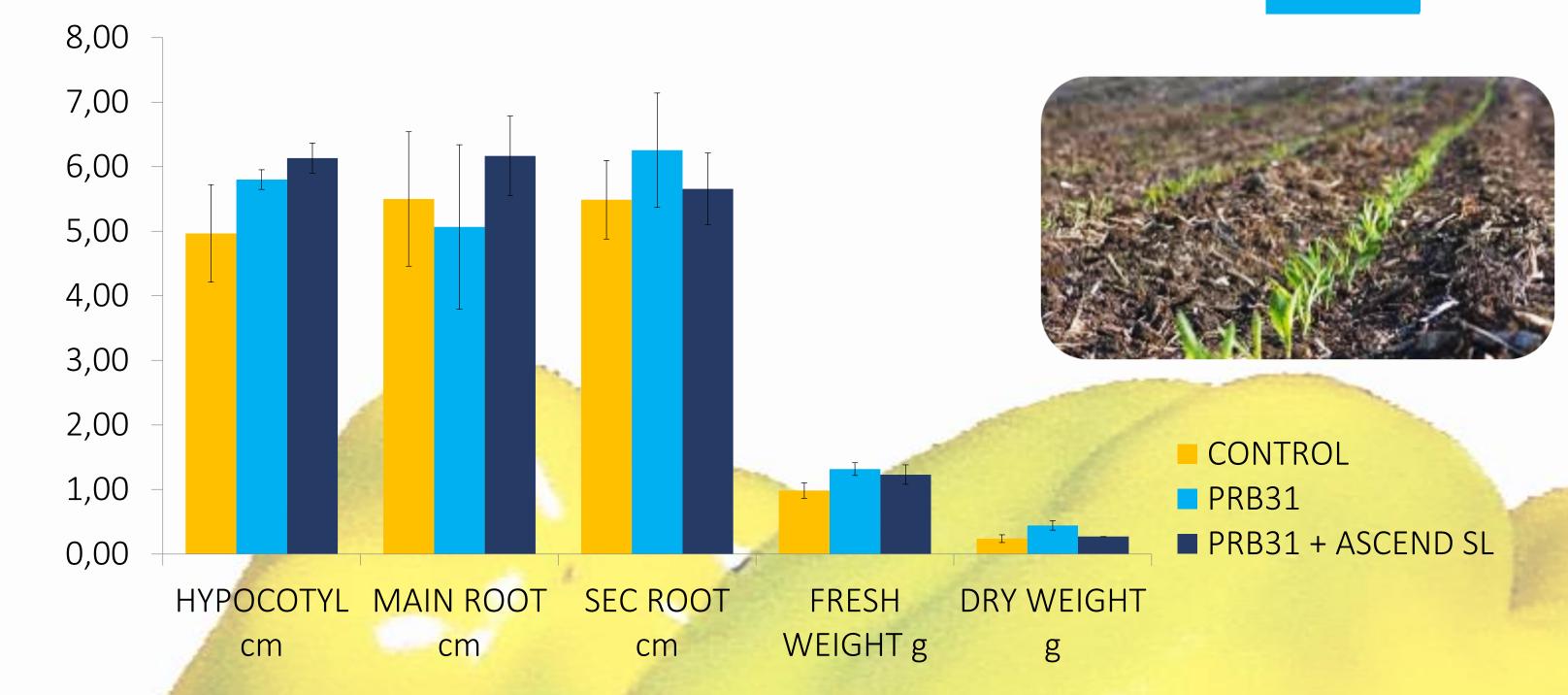
FAST-TRACK for Rapid and Efficient Product Development



Plants treated with PRB31 have lower amino acid, lipid and peptides turnover while there is a significant increase in the nucleotides and secondary metabolites.



PRB31 seed treatments improves corn emergence, root development and dry weight under salinity conditions with and without fertilizer.



PRB31 has a direct effect on the plants increasing their tolerance abiotic stress. It has been shown that increases productivity under salinity conditions in pepper, tomato, cucumber, melon, rice, barley, corn..... It is a natural product with cero residues. It can be used as:

Seed

Foliar spray

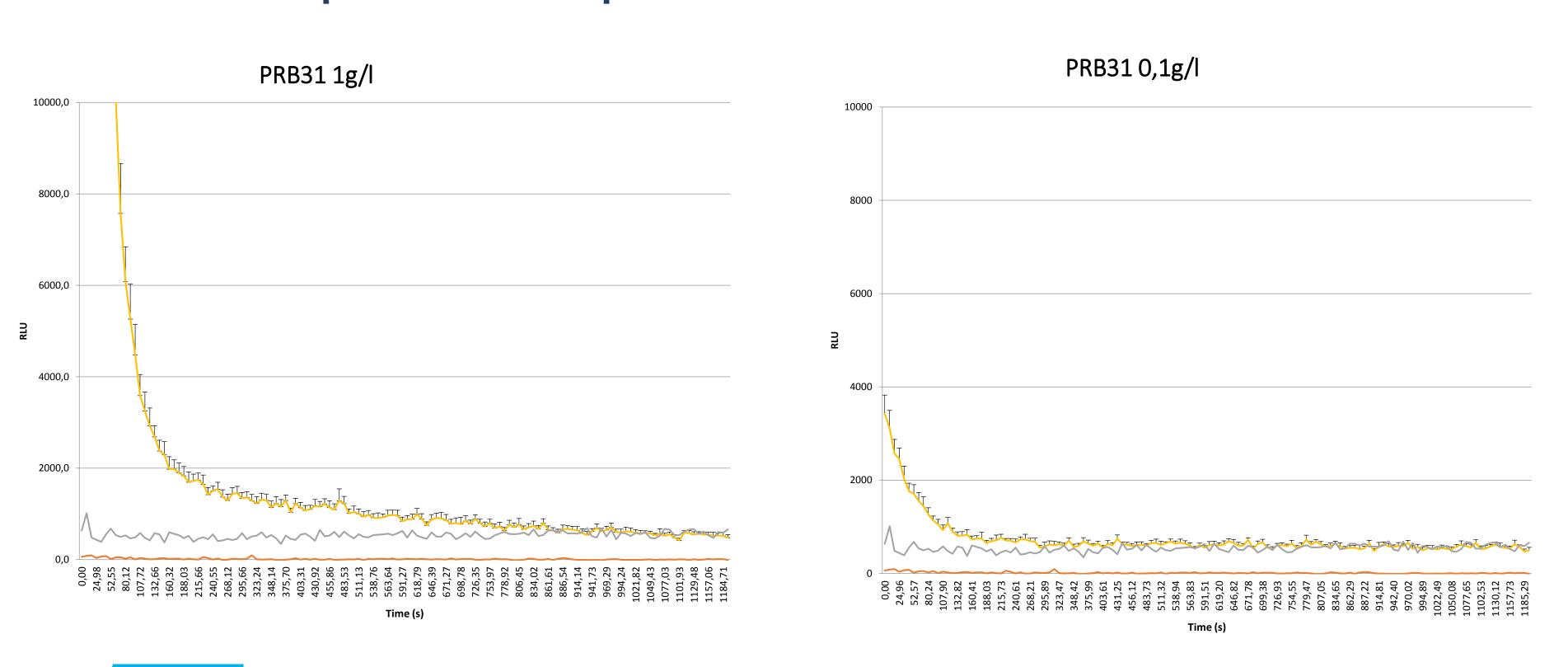
Irrigation



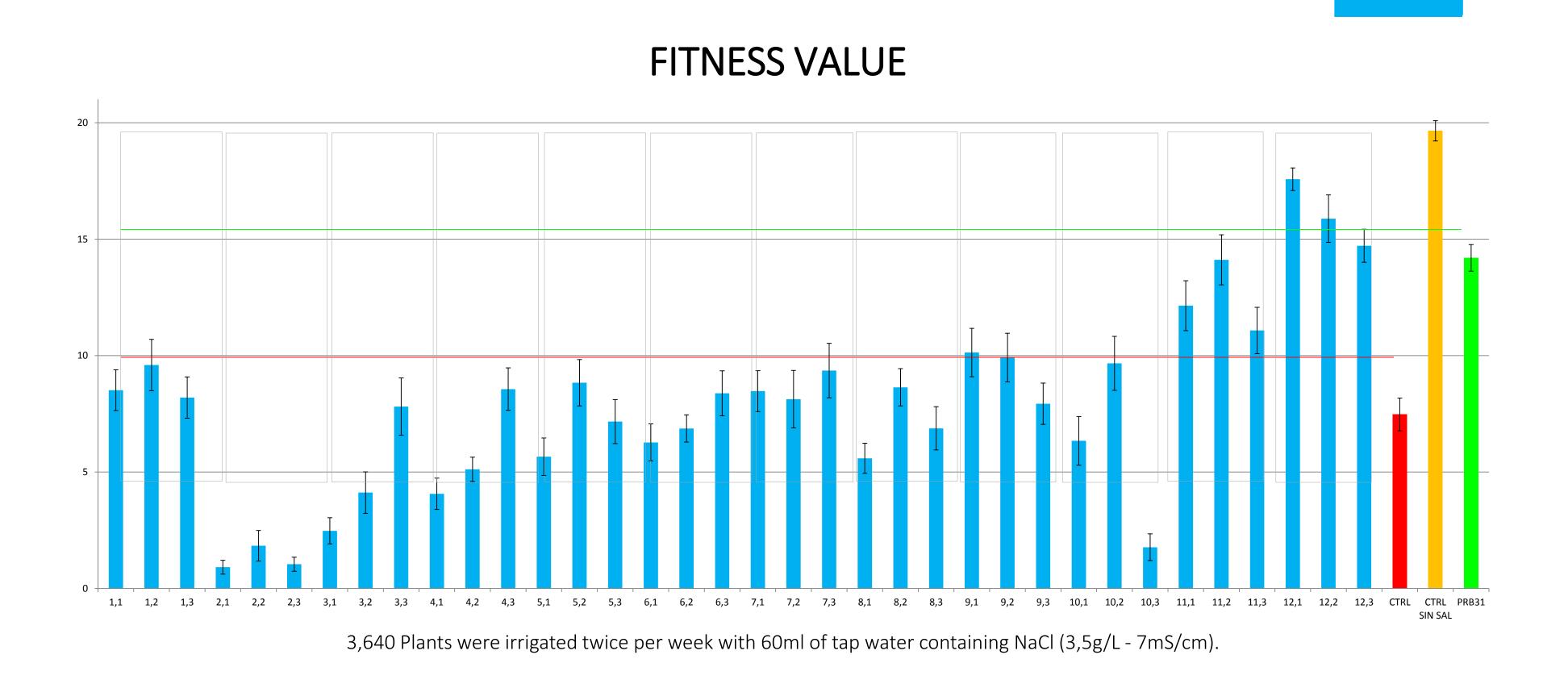




PRB31 induces plant basal responses such as intracellular Ca²⁺ release and ROS



Compatibility of different combinations of PRB31-fertilizer products for salinity tolerance enhancement in pepper plants. Combination with DMPP a nitrification inhibitor shows the best results



Assessment Parameters

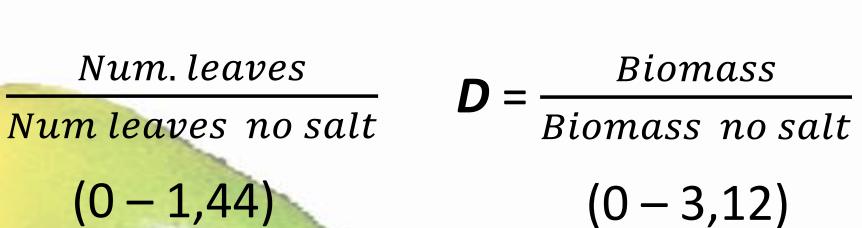
 $FV = (A + B + 2C + D) \cdot N$ alive plants per pot

$$\mathbf{A} = \frac{\frac{CCI(1) + CCI(2)}{2}}{CCI \text{ no salt}}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \frac{\Delta H}{\Delta H \text{ no salt}}$$

$$(0 - 2,96)$$

$$(0 - 2,78)$$





Tomato plants treated with PRB31 have more yield and heavier fruits under salinity conditions.

Production (t/ha) of tomato with or without PRB31

Control Salt

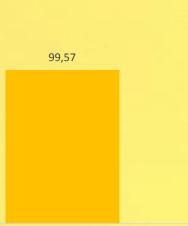


PRB 31 Foliar



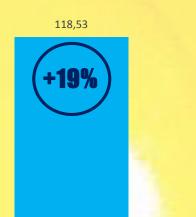






Average of fruit weight (g) of tomato with or without

PRB31



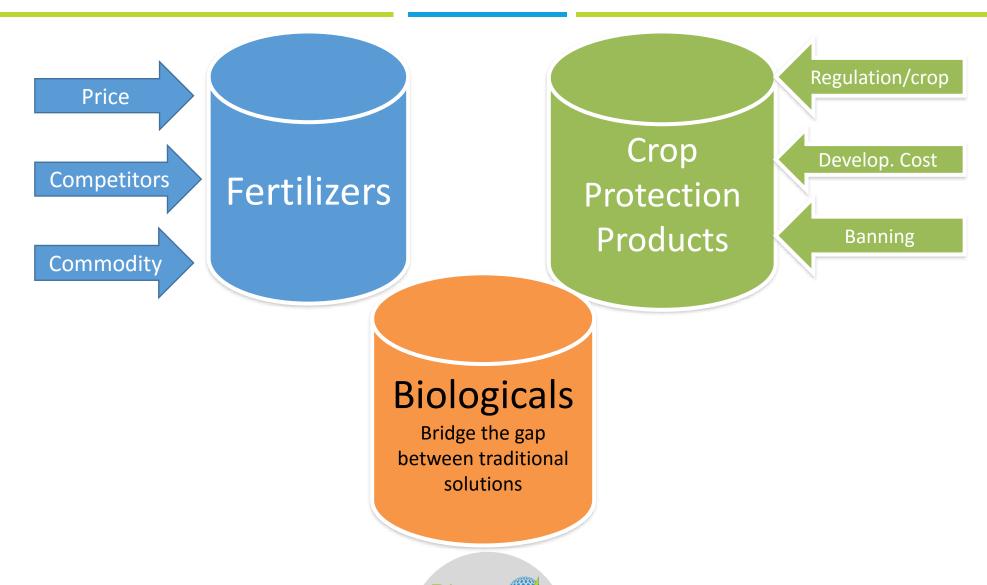






Leads of Natural Origin for Novel Tolerance to Stress

Agronomic tool set



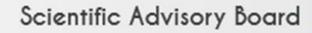
Response





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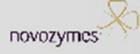


Key investors















about the company



Bringing research to the market: novel products and technologies



Sustainable food and agriculture solutions through plant responses

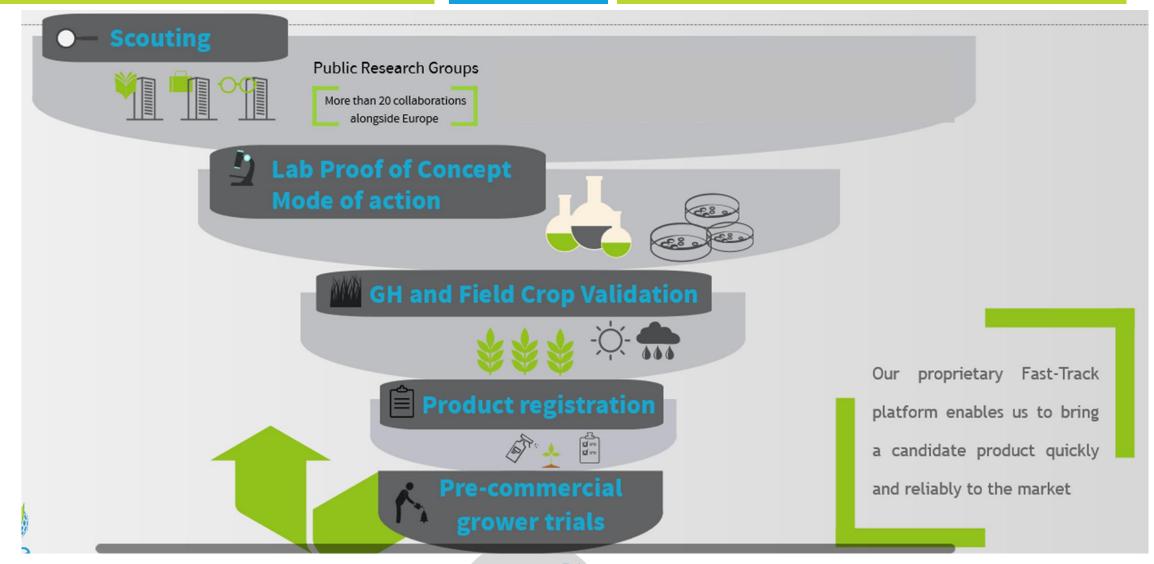
our mission

Be the leader in **novel natural products** for global agricultural challenges

Best science backs our solution



Fast-track product development





Facilities, Capabilities

CBGPILABI[Madrid]

30@m²@n@use@

Agreement in in ing ing in it is a limit of the state of

and acilities 2

Flexible and itions and it ructure?

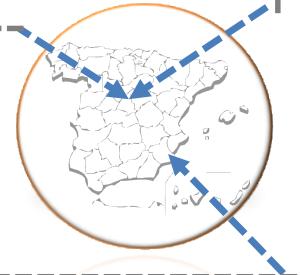


250 m² muse expandable management

Fast-track@n@target@trops@

Early stages for figrowing ?

Flexible and itions and structure 2









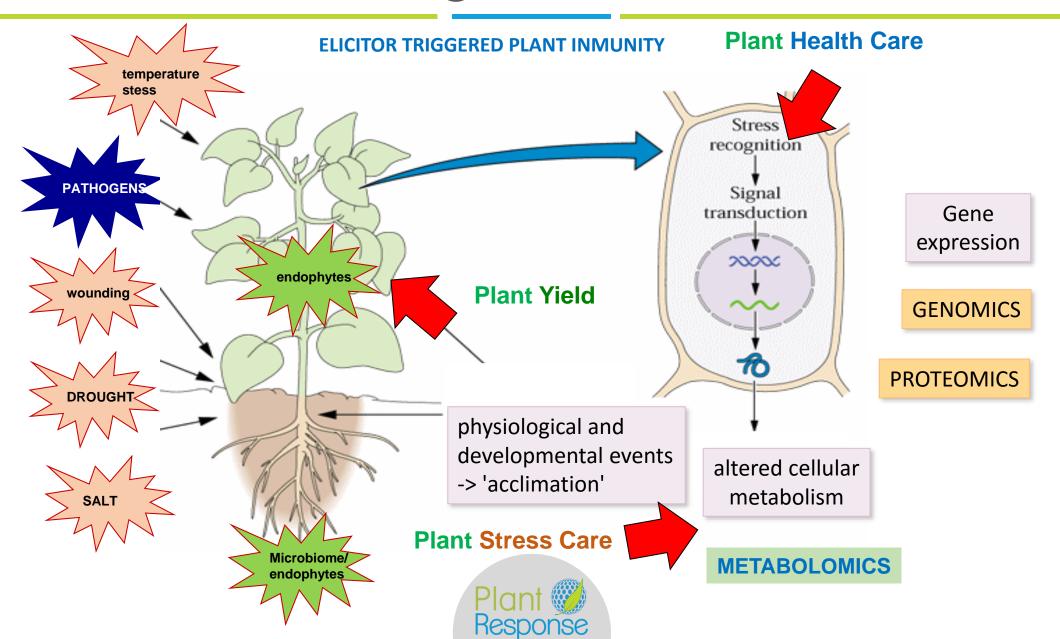
FIELD GREENHOUSE Murcia)

2.000@m²@field?

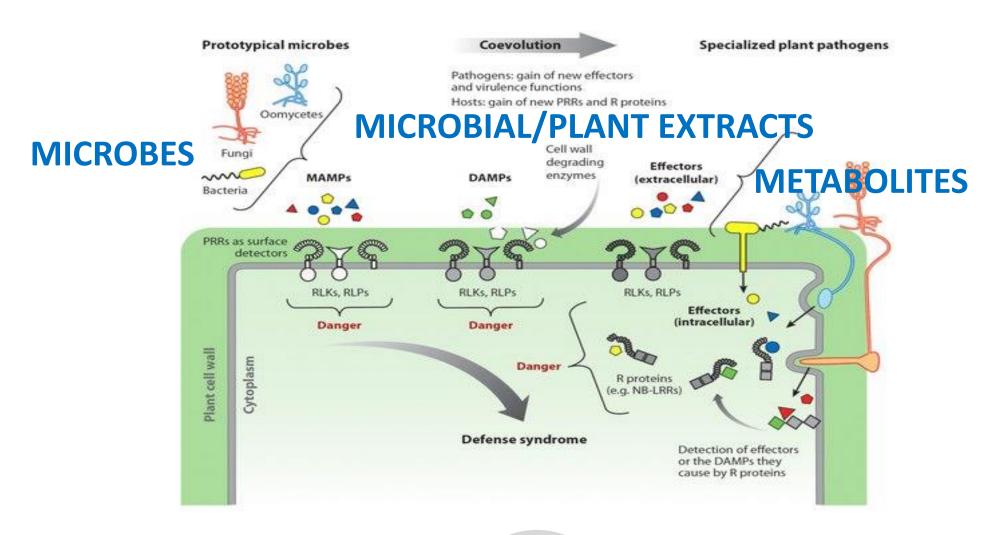
Cropatrialsanaealaproduction?

conditions: Ivegetables, Itereals, I

Leads of natural origin



Our Solution



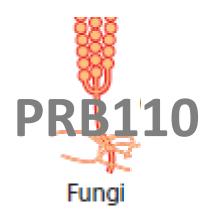


Product status





PRB110: Plant Yield



Liquid Seed treatment (dry powder under development) @1-3 cfu/ seed

Novel fungal endophyte inducing phosphate

transport, and plant growth



PRB110: TECHNOLOGY SCOUTING

Technology scouting

P.O.T. Validation

P.O.C validation

PHASE 1: Field trials

PHASE 2 and 3

NOVEL PLANT ENDOPHITE

PRB110 is a novel plant endophyte isolated from *Arabidopsis thaliana* field samples.

It improves the **phosphorus transfer** to shoots, promotes plant growth, increasing fertility

Joint PATENT

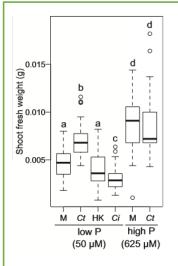
The present invention has applications on the agronomic sector, particularly methods to increase flowers, seeds and / or fruits production using the microorganism Colletotrichum tofieldine.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 Plants have symbiotic associations with mutualistic microorganisms in nature which give growth, survival and breeding benefits. These microorganisms can be isolated and used in croos to improve their field performance.

The genus Colletotrichum (Ascomycetes, teleomorph Glomerella) comprises 60 species and species complexes. This genus is morphologically characterized by conidia in acervuli with o

15 without setae, with unicellular straight or curved hyaline conidia usually larger than 12 μm size and typically granular. Conidia may also be formed from the mycelium or from other conidia

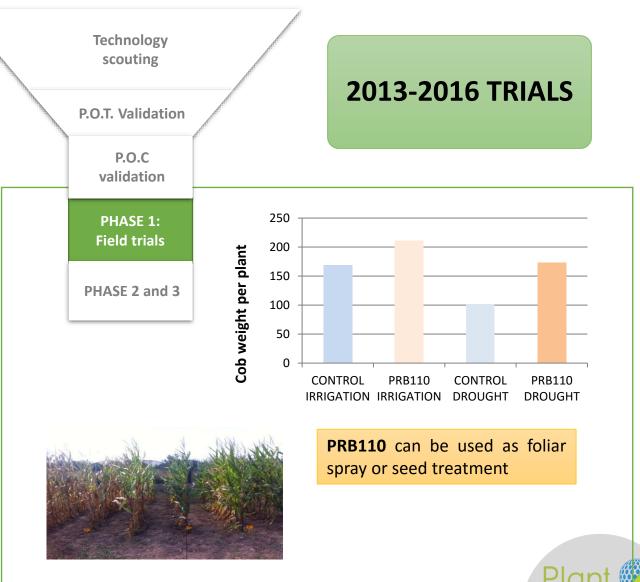


Shoot fresh weight (SFW) of plants incubated with beneficial Ct or pathogenic C. incanum (Ci) in high or low Pi conditions. A. thaliana Col-0 seeds were inoculated with Ct, heat-killed Ct or Ci, or water (mock), and SFW was determined 24 days later (15 plants per experiment). The boxplot shows combined data from three independent experiments. Different letters indicate significantly different statistical groups (Tukey-HSD, p < 0.01).

Figure taken from Hurima et al., 2016.



PRB110:FAST TRACK FIELD TRIALS

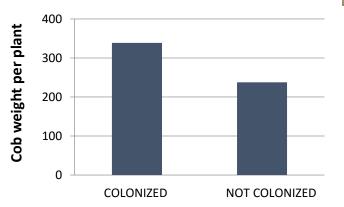


Consistent yield increase in corn

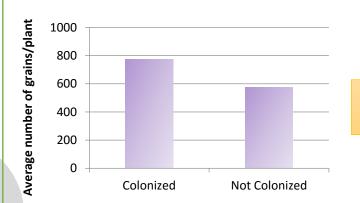
Drought 16-31%

No Drought 3-16%





PRB110 colonized plants increase the grain weight



PRB110 colonized plants increase number of grains



PRB110:FAST TRACK FIELD TRIALS

Technology scouting

P.O.T. Validation

P.O.C validation

PHASE 1:

2015-16 TRIALS Yield Increase

Barley 2.5-10%

Triticale 3-12%

Wheat 2-6%

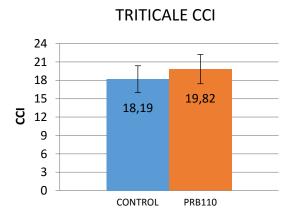
PRB110 also increases chlorophyll content



TRITICALE APRIL



BARLEY APRIL







The product



Novel plant metabolite that induces water stress tolerance and plant vigour





Doses and Mode of Application



Liquid Foliar application

Liquid Fertirrigation

Dry powder or liquid Seed treatment



0.10% (1 ml/l) (1-3 l/ha)

0.001% (0.01 ml/l) (3-10 l/ha)

0.10% (1 g/Kg seeds)



horticultural, row crops and fruit plants, as well as for golf courses











Yield increase

neptunion has been thoroughly tested in hundreds of trials during the last 4 years and demonstrated to be effective in a wide range of crops



PRB33 TRIALS	% Responsive trials	Average Positive Response (Bu/A)
BARLEY SEED	80%	17
BARLEY SEED AND FOLIAR	100	32
CORN SEED	59	4.8
CORN IN FURROW	62	4.1
CORN FOLIAR	83	5
CORN SEED & FOLIAR	100	12
WHEAT SEED & FOLIAR	100	26
SOYBEAN SEED	59	10
SOAYBEAN FOLIAR	84	2
CANOLA SEED	100	22

neptunion can be used as **seed or foliar** spray the **best** results are **combining** both



The product



Liquid foliar treatment @ 0.5-20l/ha

100 % natural extract derived from fungal cells, that induces plant innate immunity, promotes plant growth and increases quality

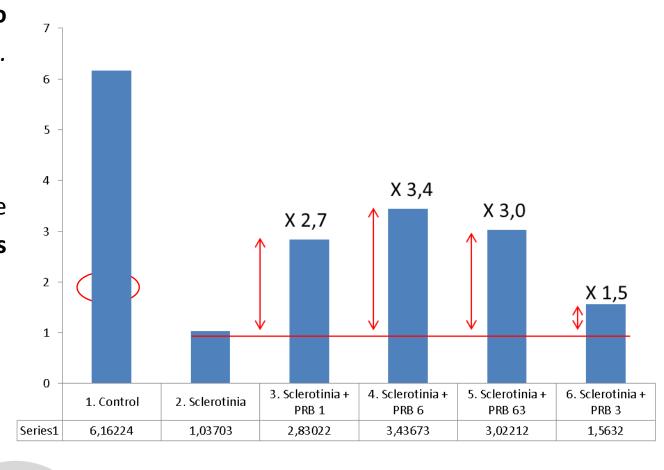


Increasing yield

cybelion significantly increases **pepper and tomato production** in *Sclerotinia sp.* and *Botrytis sp.* infected plants

cybelion increases crops yield and quality. Plants are more vigorous and have significantly less virus infections.

Total production (kg of peppers per plant)





Our trials platform

cybelion has been thoroughly tested with growers during the last 4 years and demonstrated to be effective in a wide range of crops



Plant 🌑	
CROP Response	% Control
Celery	2,0
Broccoli	1,6
Cauliflower	0,0
Colirhabi	4,8
Escarole	5,8
Fennel	26,9
Strawberry	21,3
Leek	1
Lettuce	5,1
Onion	10,2
Pepper	28,6
Tomato	33,6
Watermelon	50,9
Zucchini	17,5





From the lab to the grower

Sustainable solutions for food and agriculture challenges

www.plantresponse.com